Development of Smart Digital Twin for Maritime Industry via O²DES Framework

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Outline

Smart Digital Twins

- Background Industry 4.0
- Complexity of Systems
- Simulation as an Exploration Tool
- The Four Dimensions

Proposed Methodologies

- Classification of Simulation
- Formalisms for Discrete-Event Systems (DES)
- Object-Oriented DES (O²DES) Framework

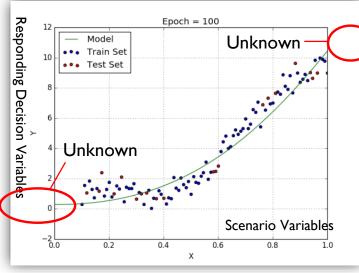
Future Trends

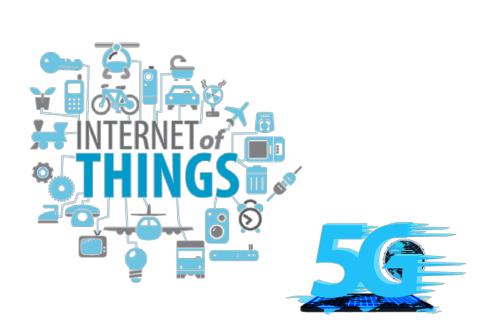
- High-Level Architecture
- **Containerization with Microservice**



Smart Digital Twins Background – Industry 4.0





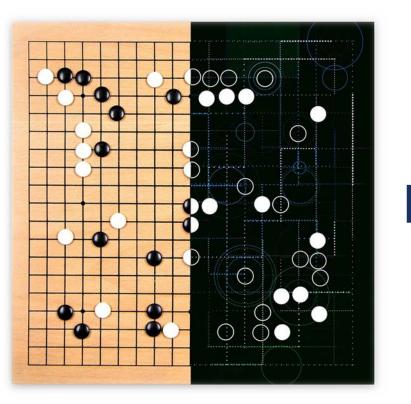


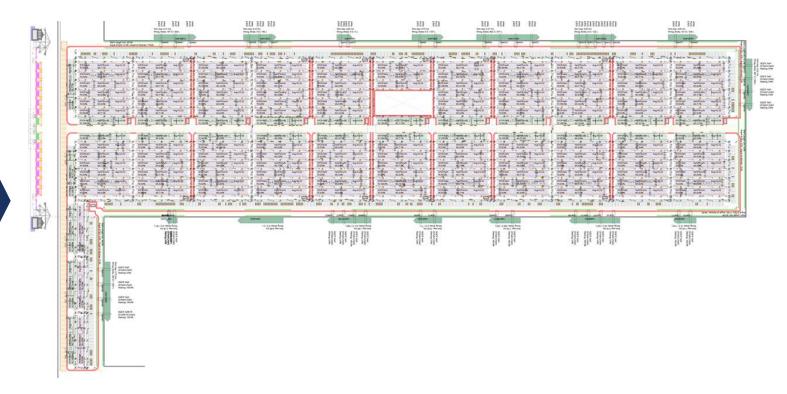
Reinforcement Learning + Deep Learning





Smart Digital Twins Complexity of Systems





The unknown is not about individual components, but how they are combined and interact.

Same principle applies for a complex industrial system, e.g., a mega container port



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Smart Digital Twins Simulation as an Exploration Tool

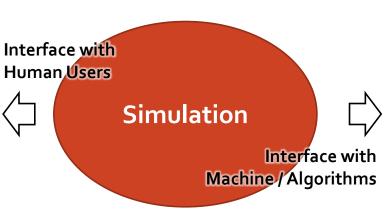
Commercial off-the-shelf simulation software



- For evaluating specific design / configuration
- Manually configured



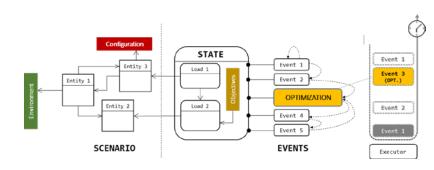
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Bridging Physical & Digital World



Simulation as an Exploration / Experiment Tool

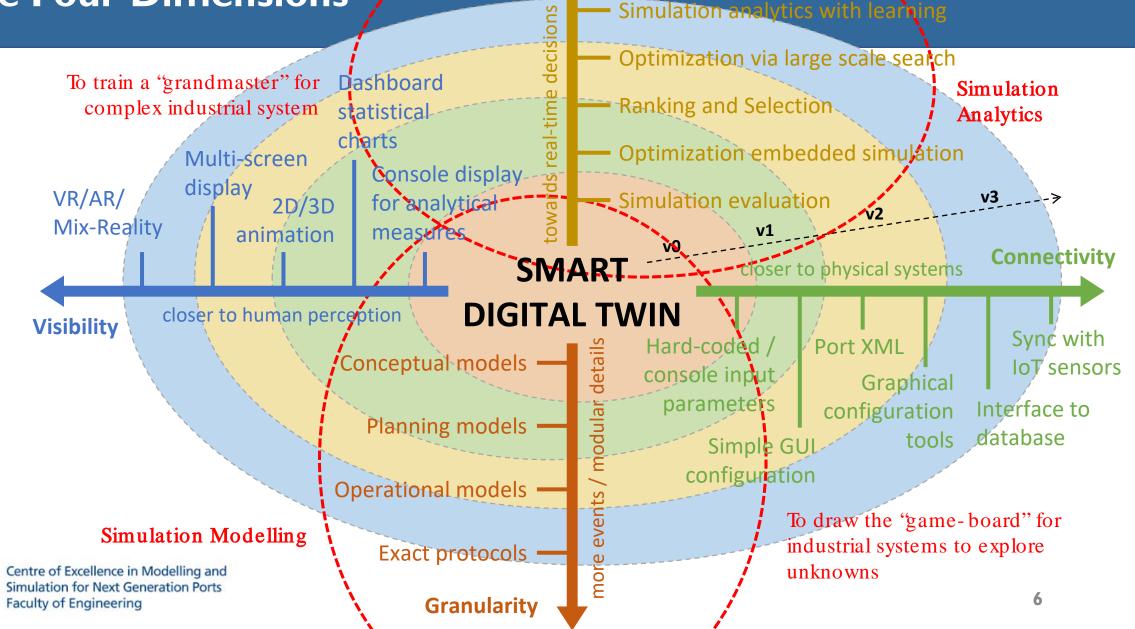


An object -oriented framework / paradigm to

- Facilitate DES model building
- Automate model configuration
- Integrate DES with optimization
- Bridge DES to other AI components, e.g., deep learning & data analytics

Smart Digital Twins The Four Dimensions

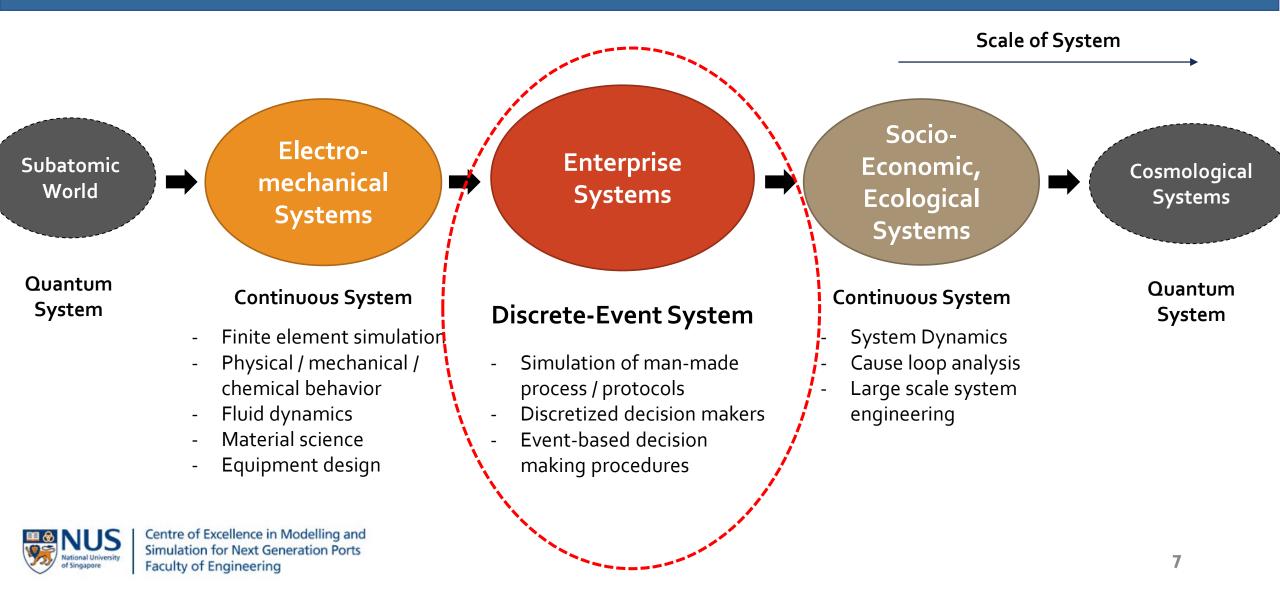
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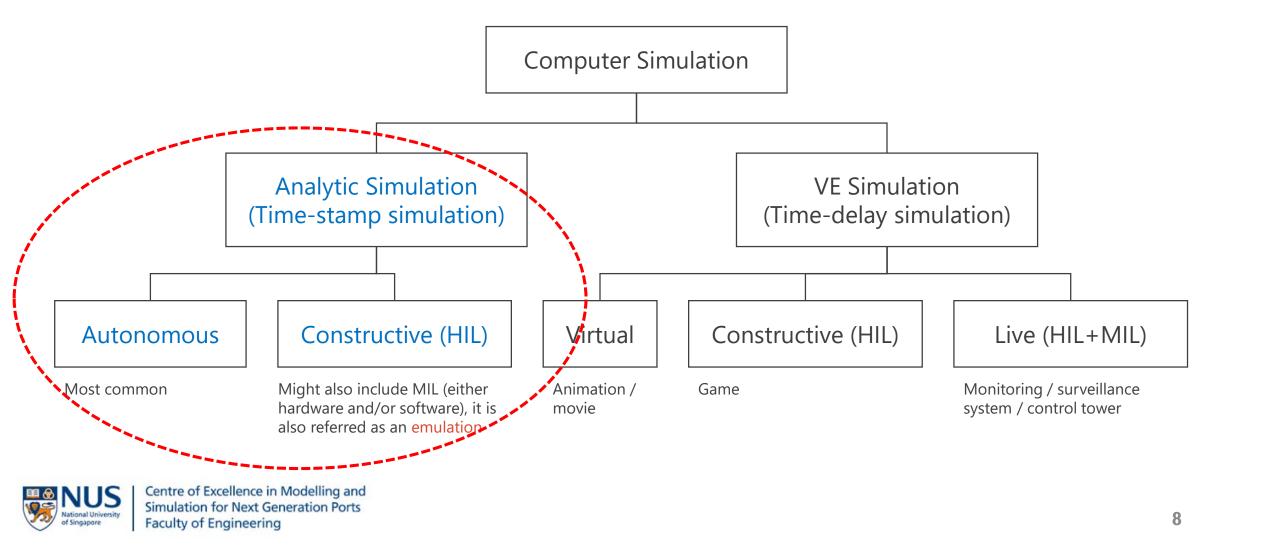
Proposed Methodologies Classification of Simulation

(by State Variables)



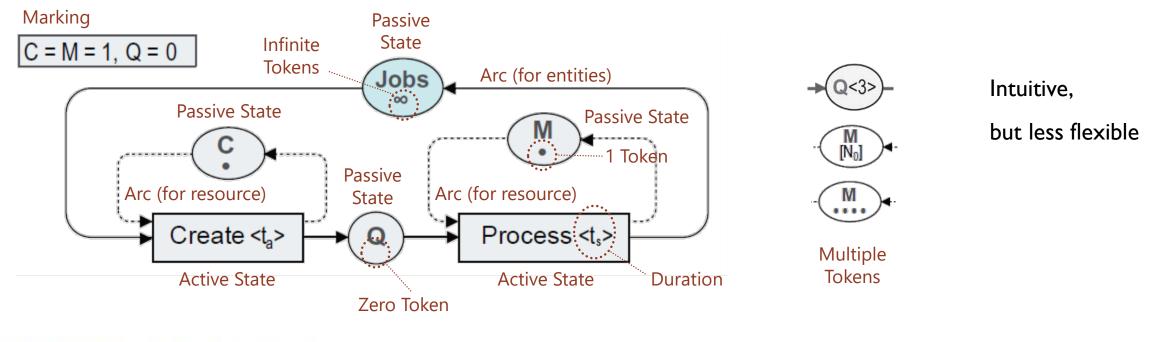
Proposed Methodologies Classification of Simulation

(by Time Representation)



Proposed Methodologies Formalisms for Discrete-Event Systems (DES)

In the classical activity-cycle diagram an activity typically represents the interaction between an entity* and active resources. An entity or an active resource is either in a passive state called a queue or in an active state called an activity. Queue nodes and activity nodes are connected by arcs.



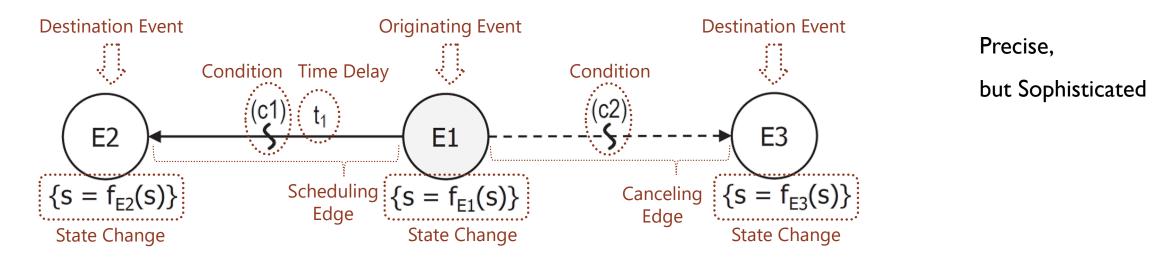


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Activity-based Formalism

Proposed Methodologies Formalisms for Discrete-Event Systems (DES)

- An event graph is a graphical formal model consisting of a set of event nodes and a set of directed edges. It provides a complete description of a discrete event system (DES) in a concise and clear manner, and its execution rules have to be described unambiguously.
- A graphical model can be specified in algebraic form (to be analyzed by a human logically) as well as in computerreadable form (to be executed on a computer).

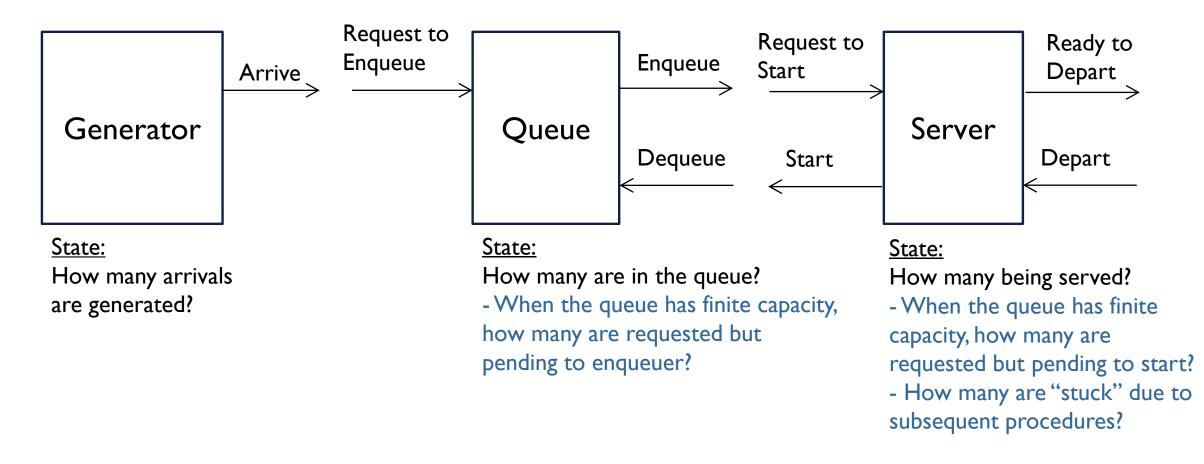




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Event-based Formalism

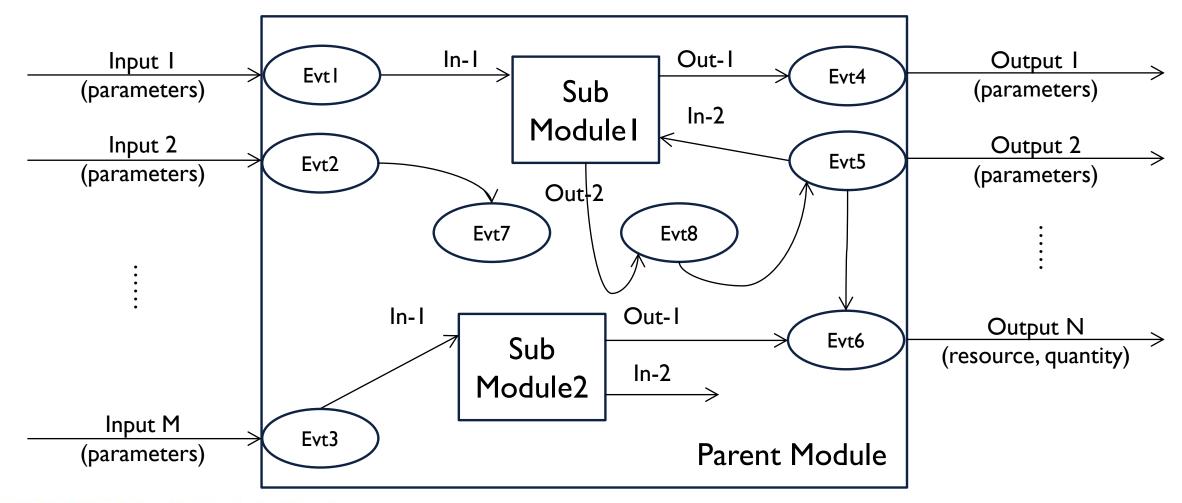
Proposed Methodologies Formalisms for Discrete-Event Systems (DES)





State-based Formalism

Proposed Methodologies Object-Oriented DES (O²DES) Framework

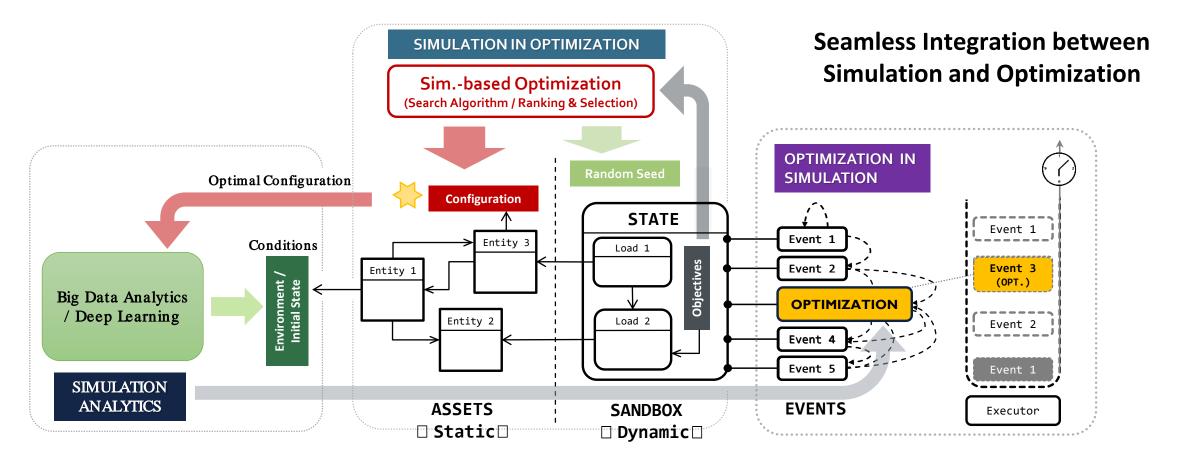




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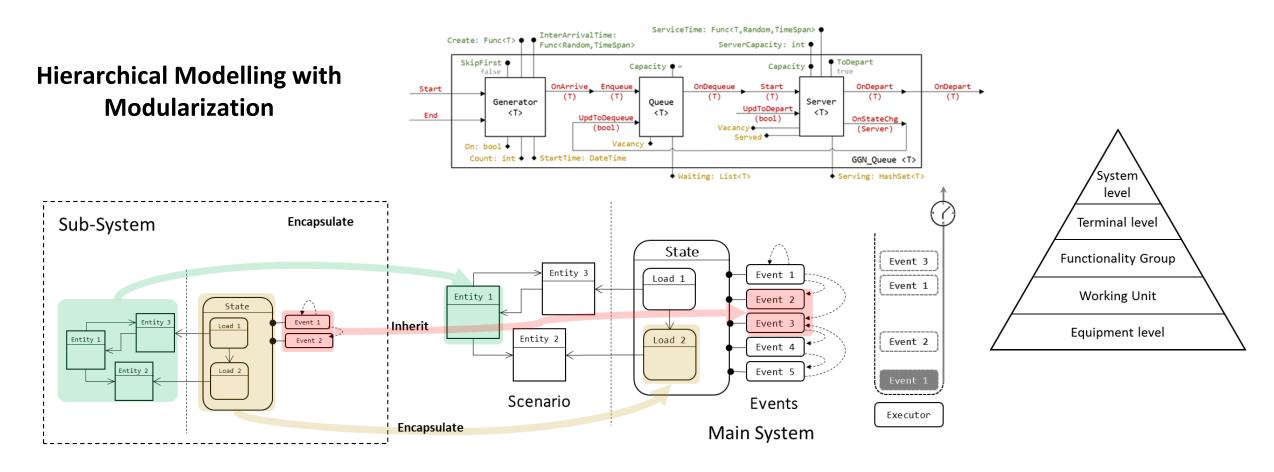
Object-Oriented Formalism

Proposed Methodologies Object-Oriented DES (O²DES) Framework





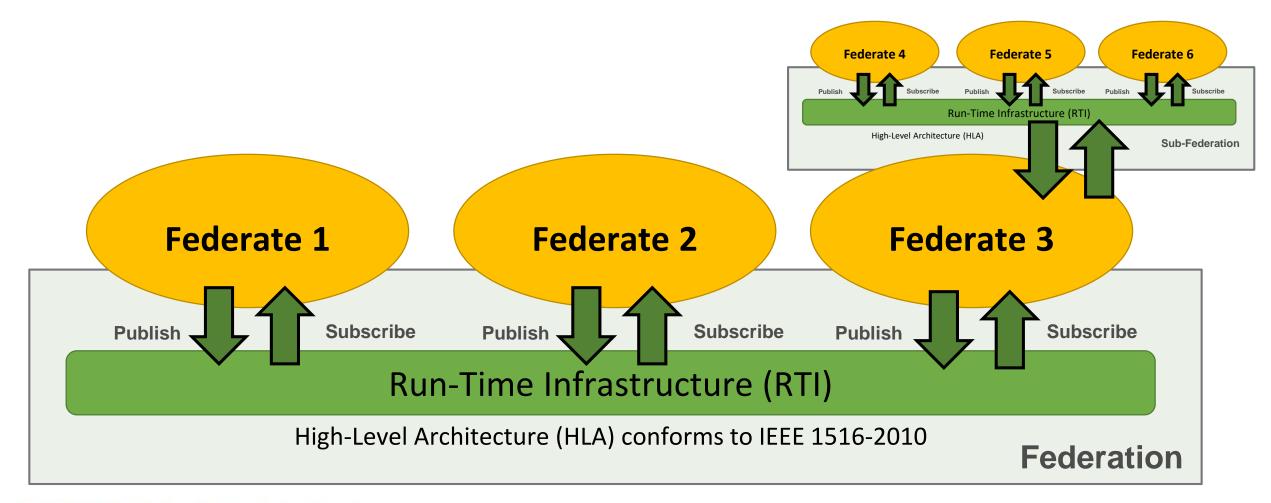
Proposed Methodologies Object-Oriented DES (O²DES) Framework





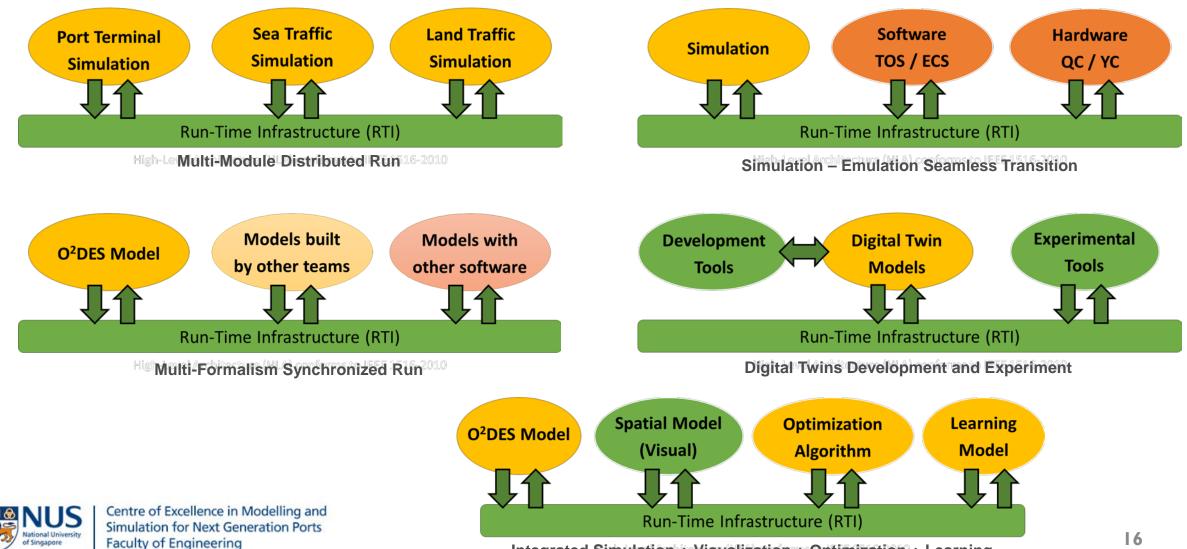


Future Trends High-Level Architecture (HLA)



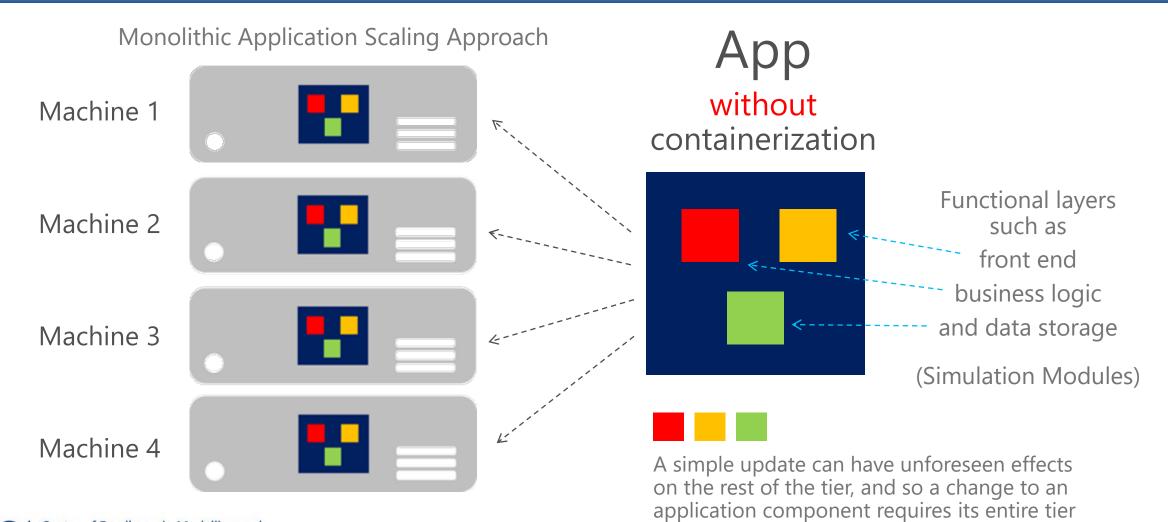


Future Trends High-Level Architecture (HLA)



Integrated Simulation + Visualization + Optimization + Learning

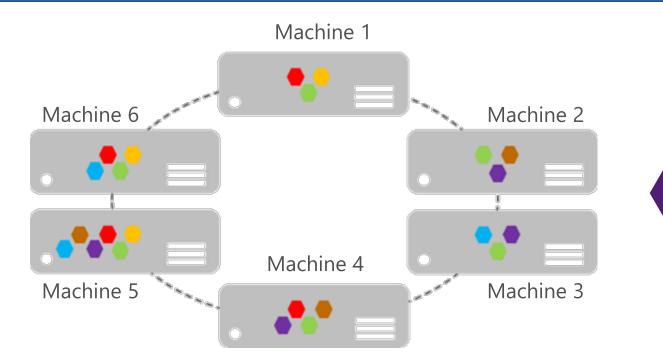
Future Trends Containerization with Microservice



to be retested and redeployed.



Future Trends Containerization with Microservice

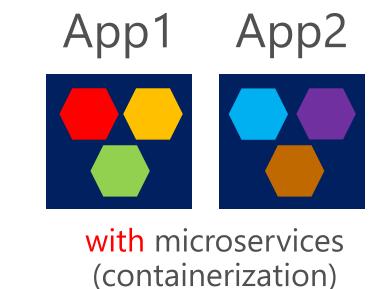


Microservices Application Scaling Approach

scale + agility + reliability



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(Simulation Modules)

Microservices are independent components that work together to deliver the application's overall functionality.

The term microservice emphasizes that applications should be composed of services small enough to reflect independent concerns.

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Thank you! Q&A

